

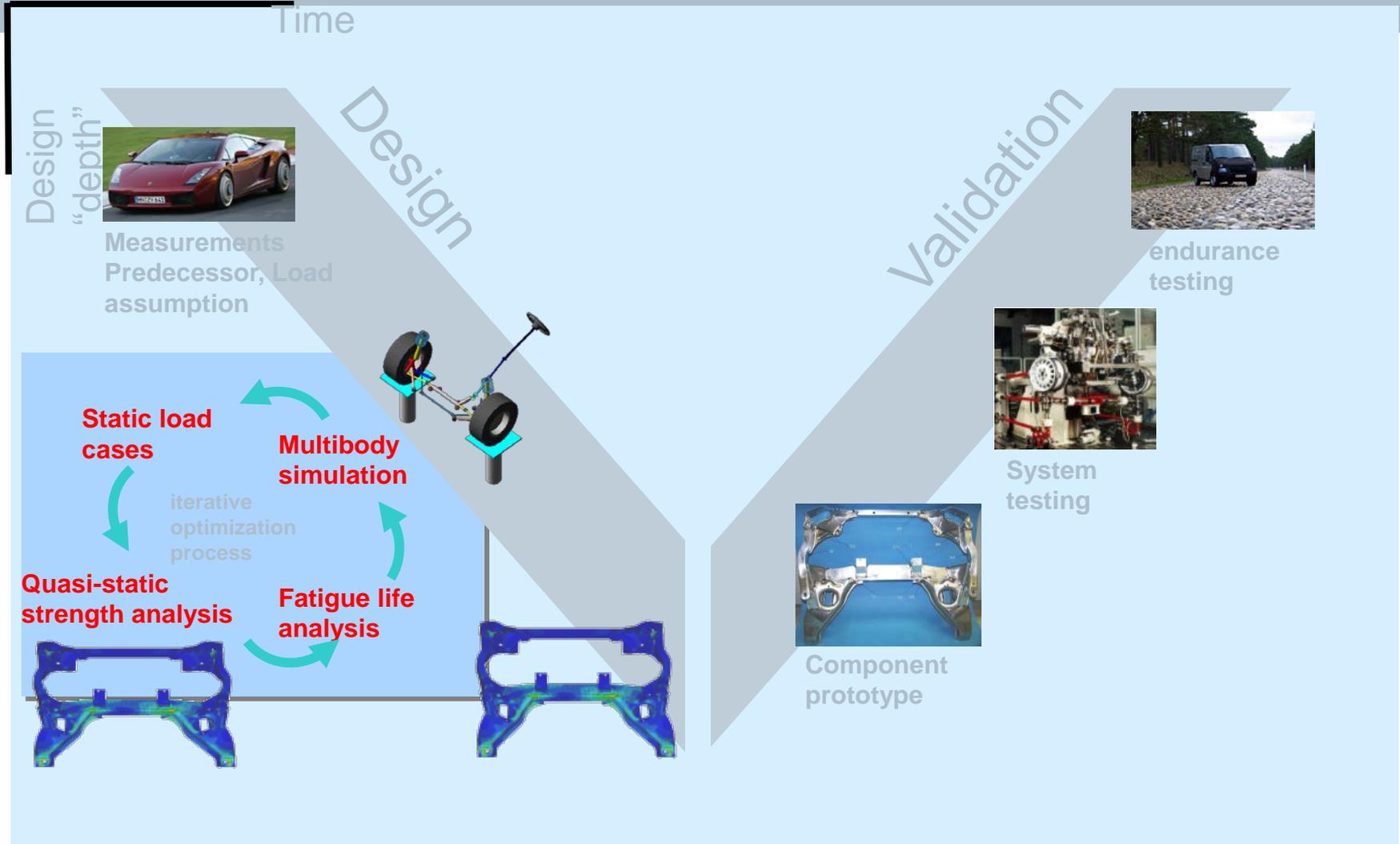
# Major ADT Technologies in Vehicle Durability Engineering

Xudong Li, Ph.D.

Durability Application Engineer

# Durability engineering process – “To be” process

## Optimizing for durability performance



# LMS durability engineering solutions

## Optimizing durability performance

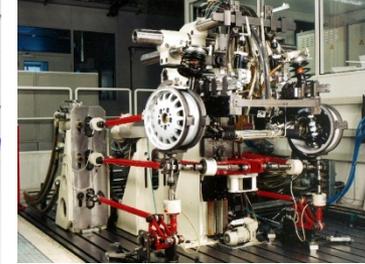
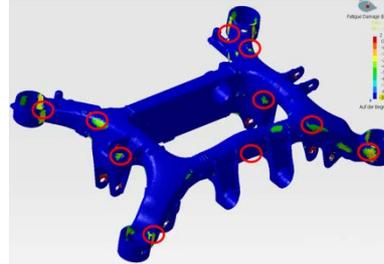
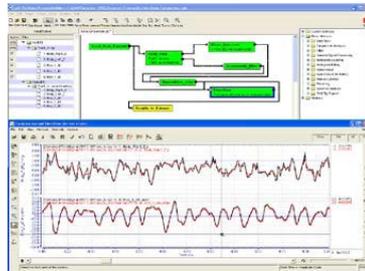
Understanding  
Operational loads

Target setting &  
Test Procedures

Design Optimisation  
Virtual Product  
Validation

Physical Product  
Optimisation &  
Validation

Final Product Test



Mobile data  
acquisition

Data analysis

Simulation

Laboratory shaker  
trials

Extensive field  
testing

**LMS SCADAS  
Durability Recorder**

- True ruggedized
- Faster test preparation
- Wide variety of sensors
- Guaranteed high quality data
- Quick data validation on test track

**LMS TecWare**

- Automate reduction and interpretation of vast amounts of measured load data
- Develop accelerated test procedures that reflect typical usage profiles

**LMS Virtual.Lab  
Durability**

- Assess durability performance on component and system level
- before committing to prototype testing

**IST RS LabSite**

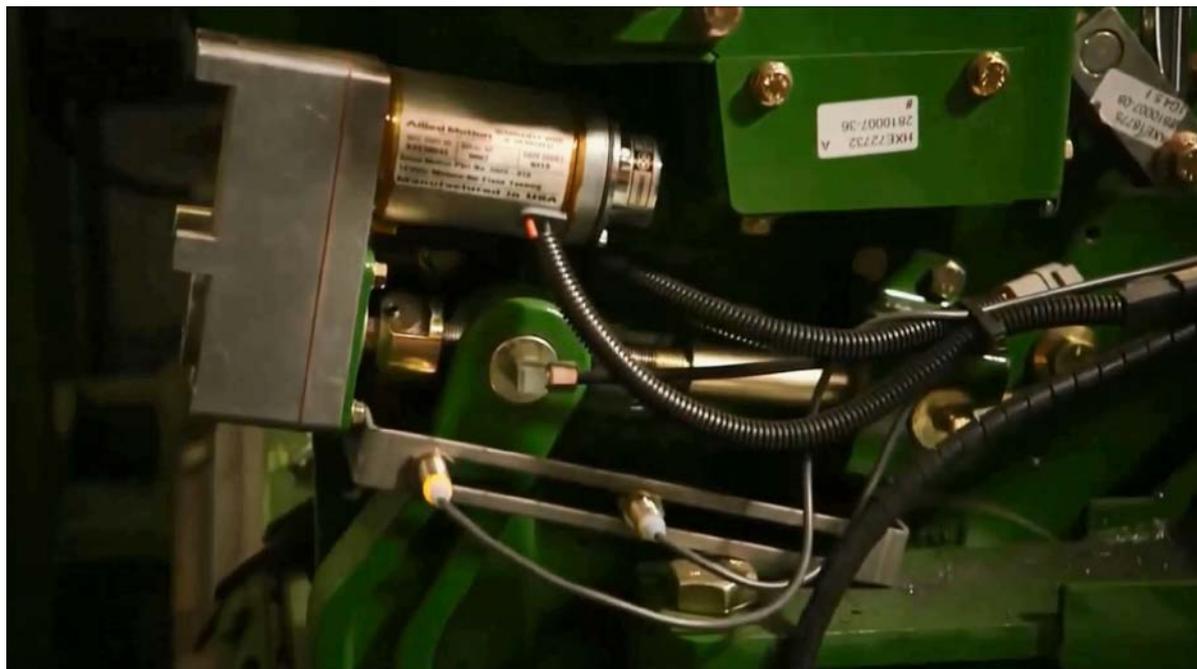
- Fast set-up, accurate and safe execution of tests for reduced testing cost

**LMS SCADAS  
Durability Recorder**

- Ruggedness
- Long duration

# TecWare – Block Cycle Testing

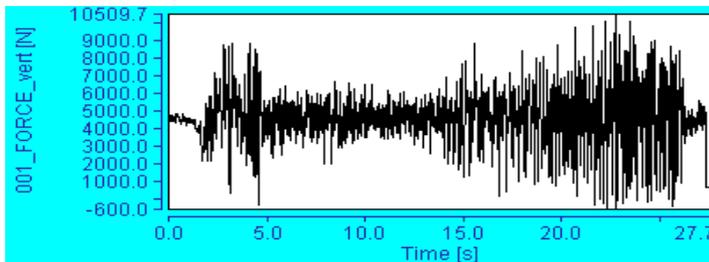
How can you accelerate a test ?



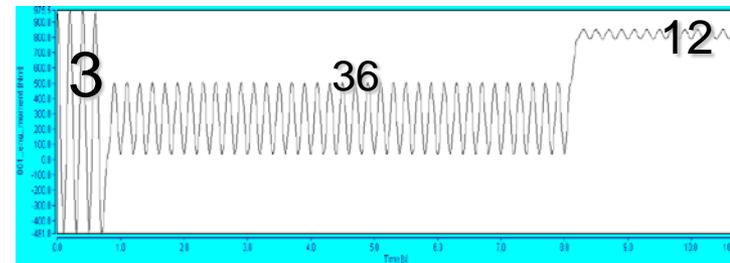
# R2R - Design of Block Cycle Tests

## Block cycle testing principle

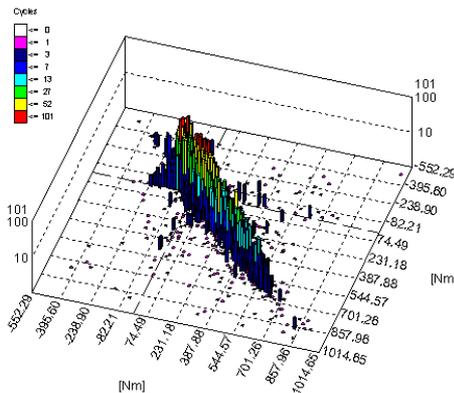
Original time series



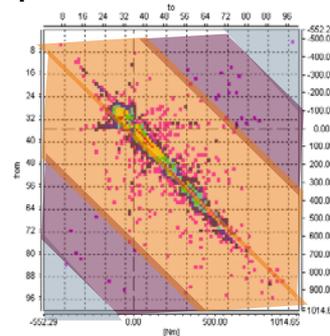
Damage equivalent block cycle test



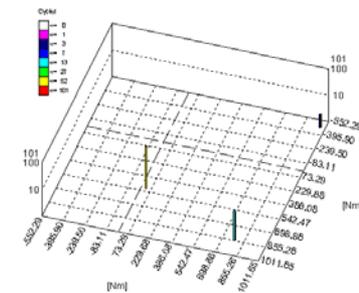
Rainflow matrix



Split RFM into n segments of amplitude level:

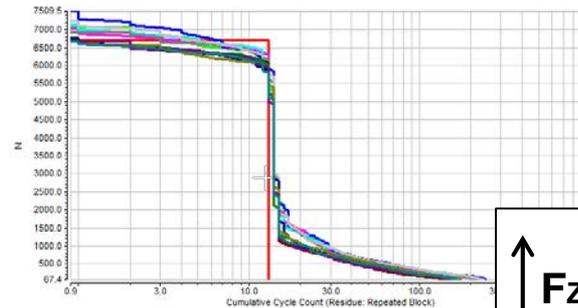
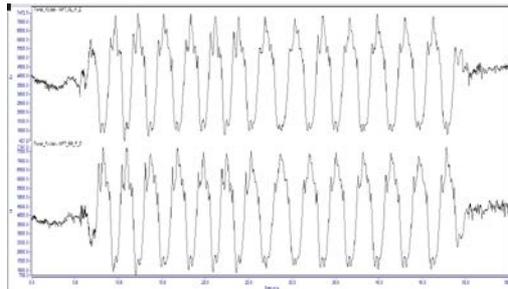


Define 1 representative CA level for each segment:



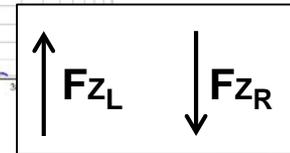
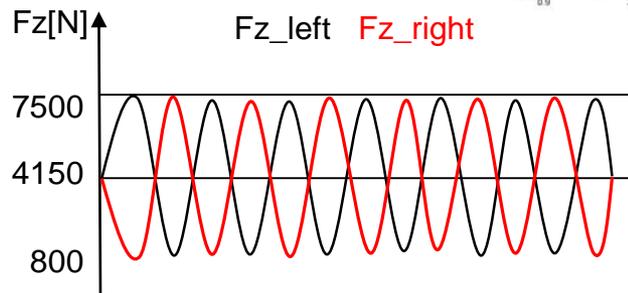
(standard SN curve or user-defined)

# Test rig synthetic block load time series creation



## Deducted Torsion Rig Test:

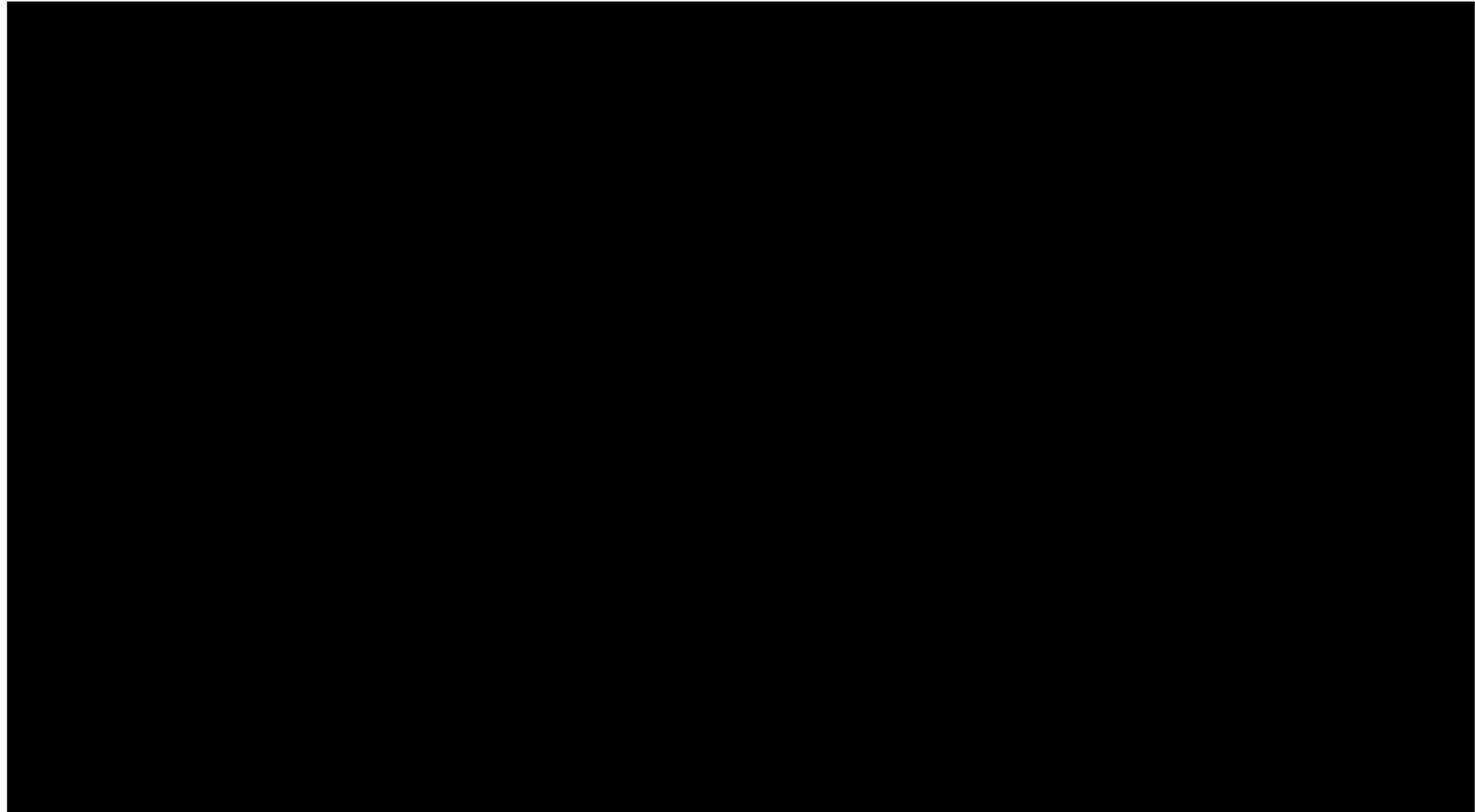
- Load amplitude + mean value deducted from PG measurements
- 13 load cycles equivalent to 1 x Twist Road (PG)



# Mission Synthesis

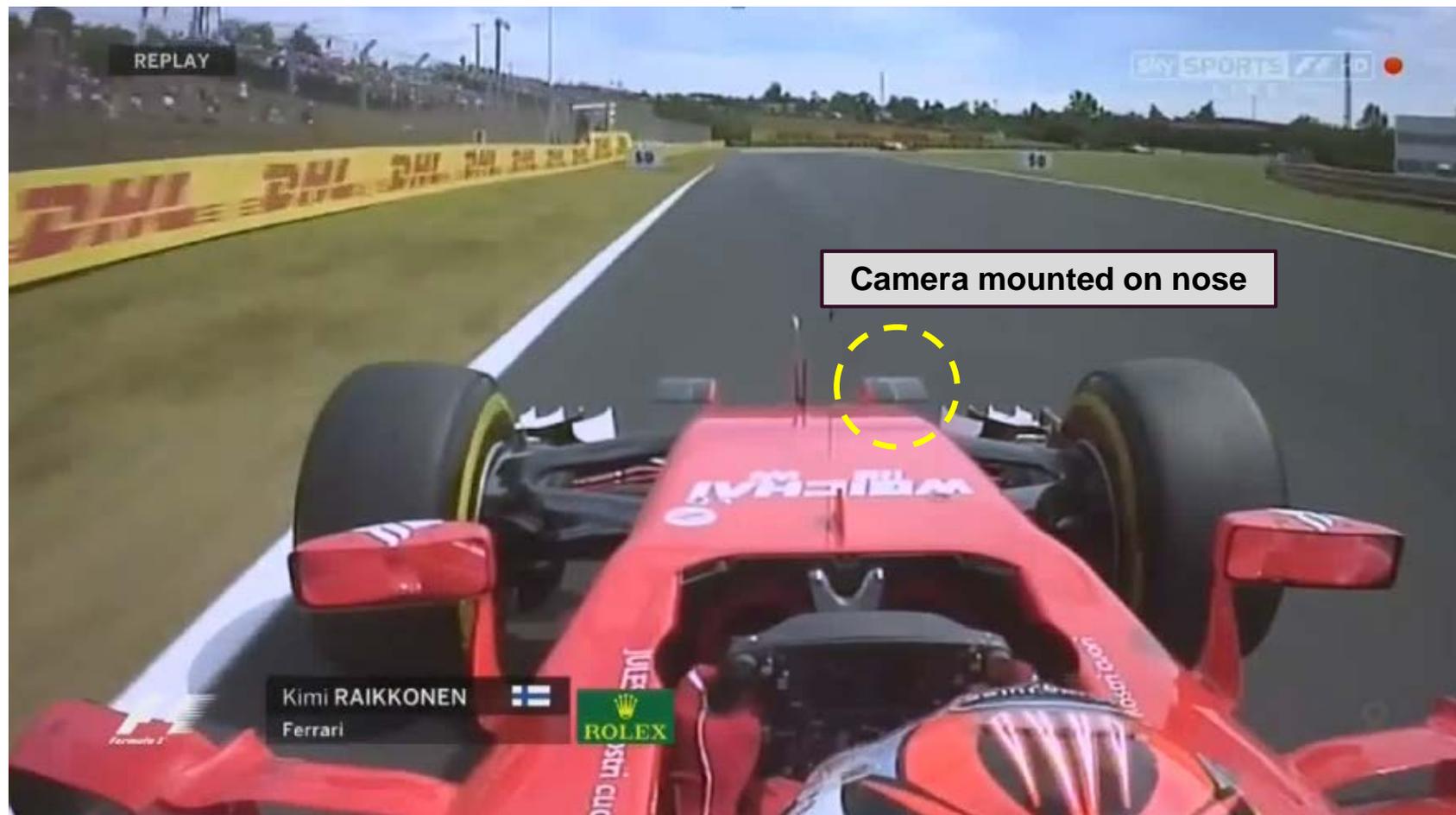
How can you accelerate a test ?

## How it's tested?



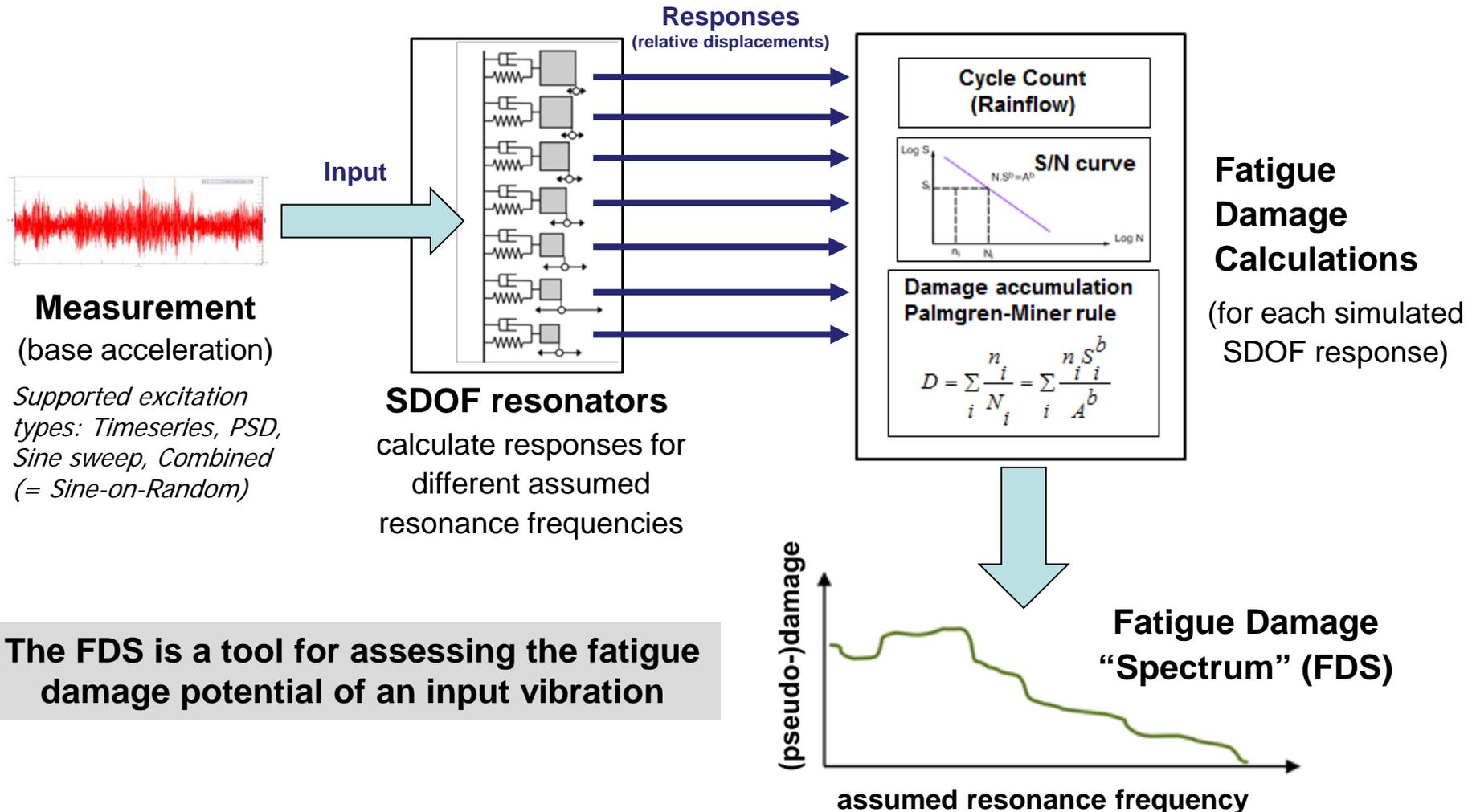


## Vibrations causing component failure



### 2015 F1 GP Hungary – Ferrari race incident

# Analysis of the Damage Potential



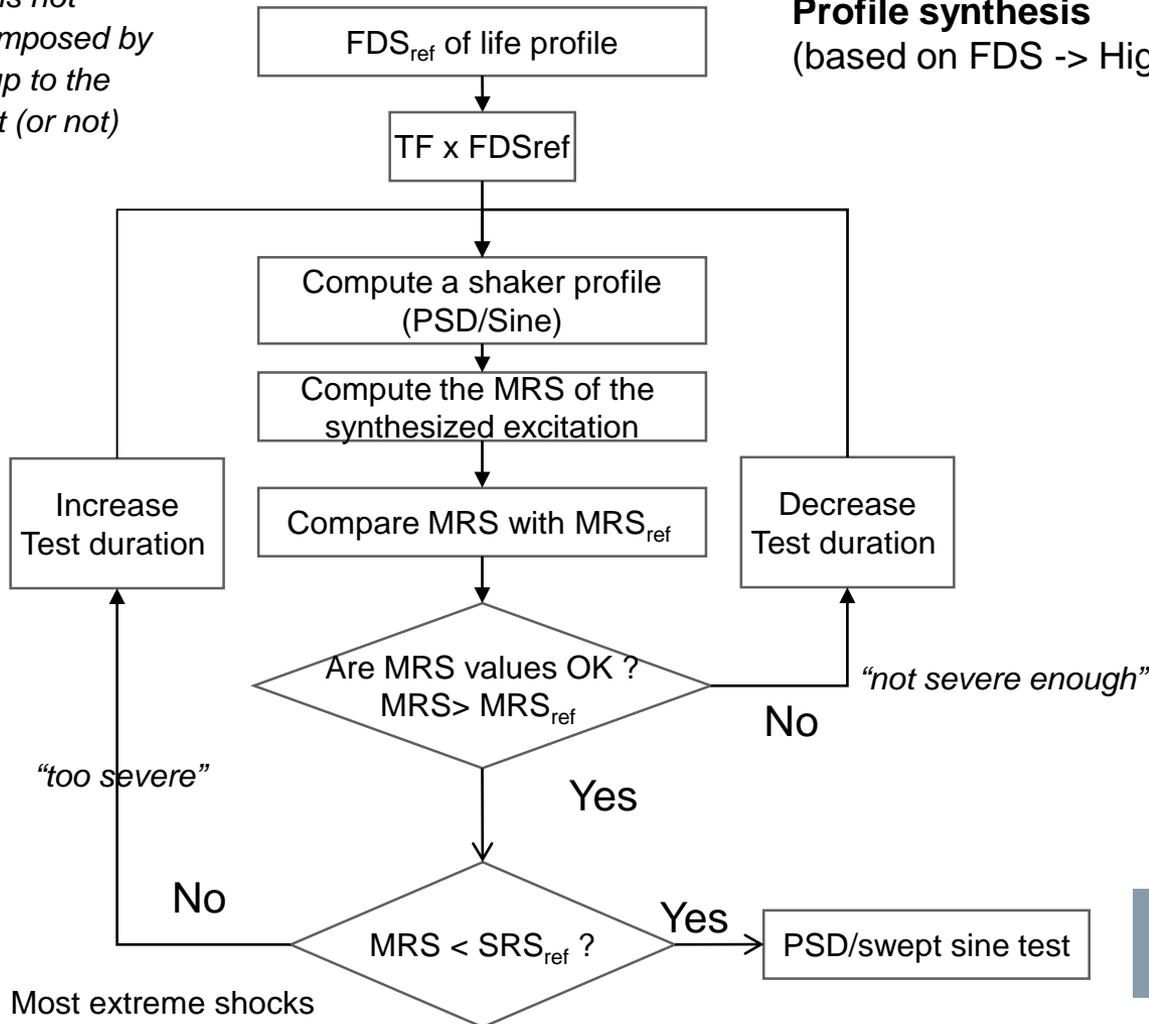
The FDS is a tool for assessing the fatigue damage potential of an input vibration

# How to check & adjust test duration

*This flowchart is not automatically imposed by the software: up to the user to follow it (or not)*

## Profile synthesis

(based on FDS -> High Cycle Fatigue)

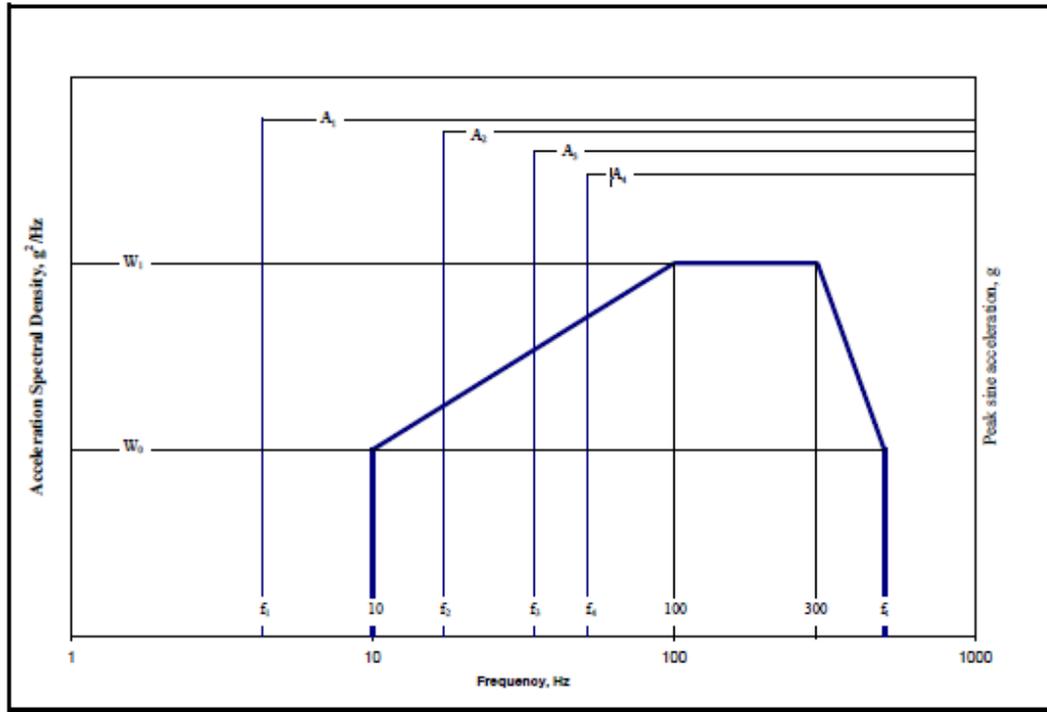


SRS<sub>ref</sub> : Most extreme shocks encountered over lifetime

Long duration test to check for fatigue failure

# Mission Synthesis vs Standards

*Is standard sufficient to guarantee lifetime operation of the VHF-radio?*



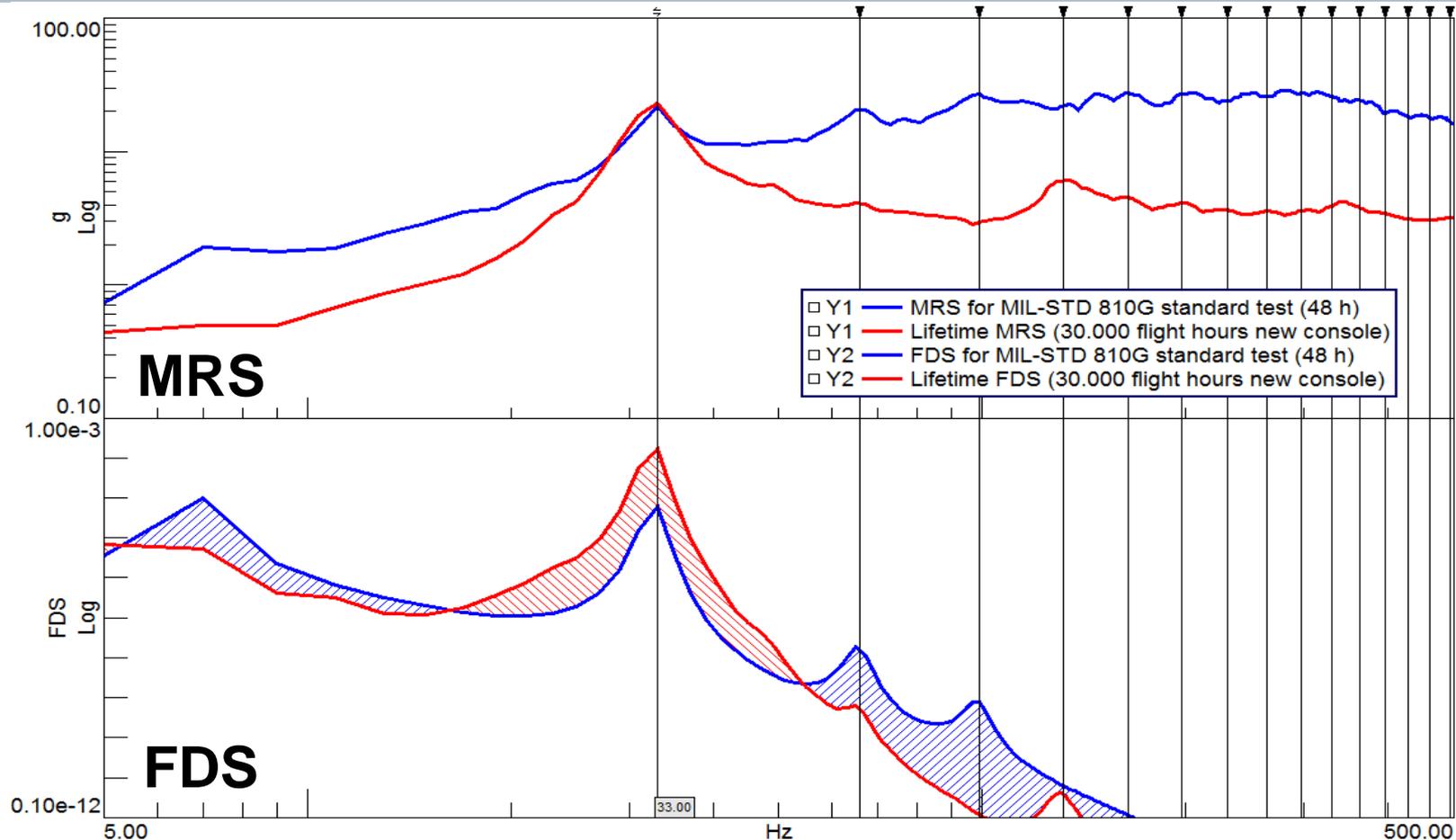
## Parameters:

- Rotation speed main rotor = 392 rpm = 6.53 Hz
- #blades = 5
- Note: no tail rotor (NOTAR)

|                          |                         |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| $f_1 = 6,53 \text{ Hz}$  | $A_1 = 0,168 \text{ g}$ |
| $f_2 = 32,67 \text{ Hz}$ | $A_2 = 1,75 \text{ g}$  |
| $f_3 = 65,33 \text{ Hz}$ | $A_3 = 1,05 \text{ g}$  |
| $f_4 = 98 \text{ Hz}$    | $A_4 = 1,05 \text{ g}$  |

## Sine-on-Random profile from MIL-STD-810 G (random + 4 fixed sines)

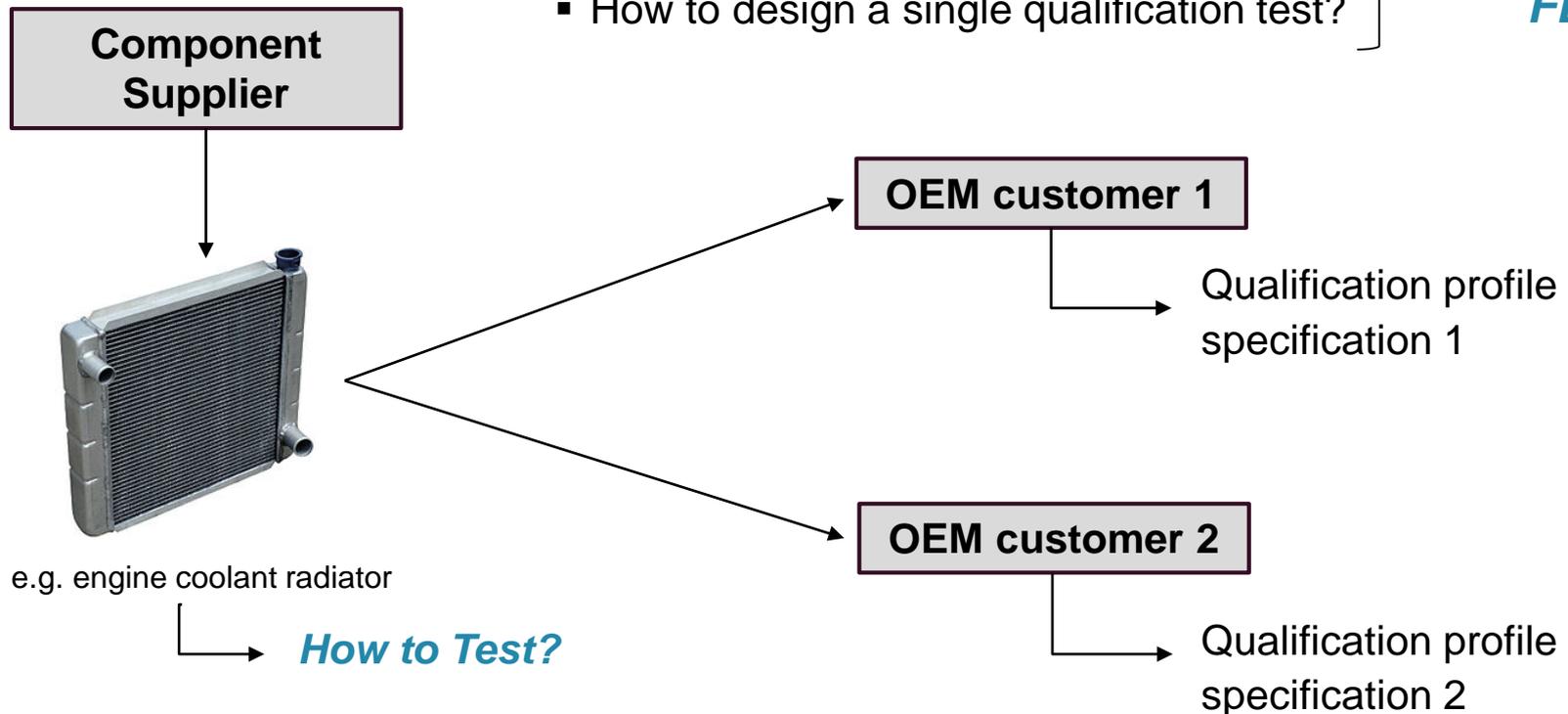
# Comparison – MIL-STD vs Mission Synthesis



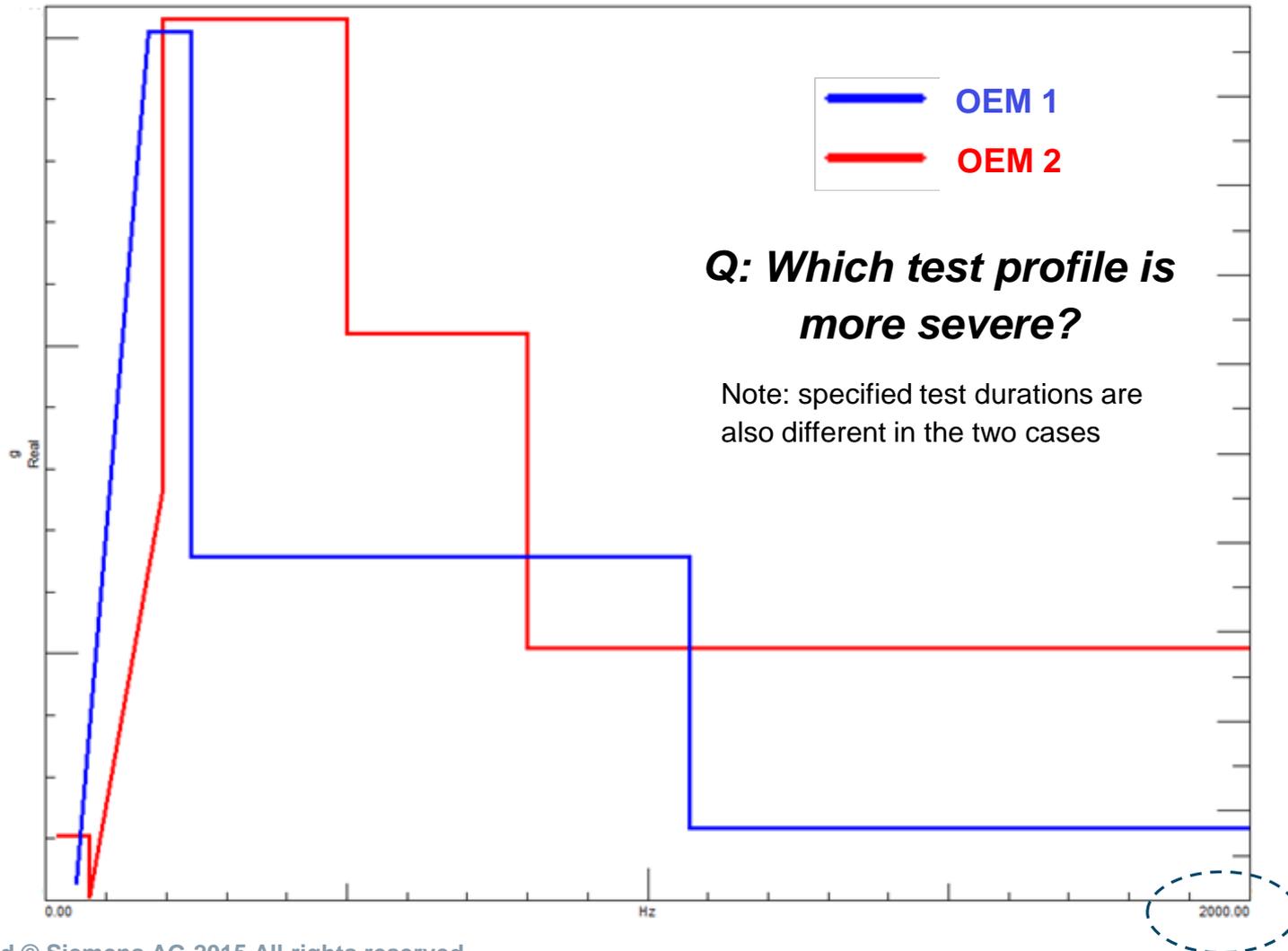
- MIL-STD: test duration 48 hours
- Mission Synthesis: 30.000 flight hours on new console reserved(+ also includes uncertainty factor)

## Automotive example (*supplier perspective*)

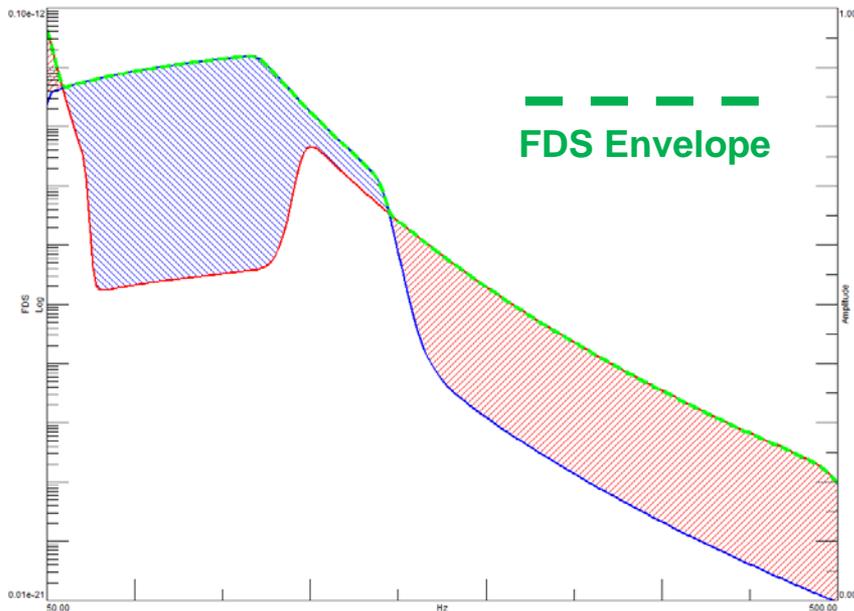
- Different OEM customers may give different qualification specifications (even with different types: PSD, sine sweep,... and different test durations...)
    - How to compare different specifications?
    - How to design a single qualification test?
- use **FDS**



## Real-life example – Sine sweep profiles OEM 1 vs OEM 2



# Synthesized qualification test



Synthesize test profile based  
on the FDS Envelope

Test Synthesis

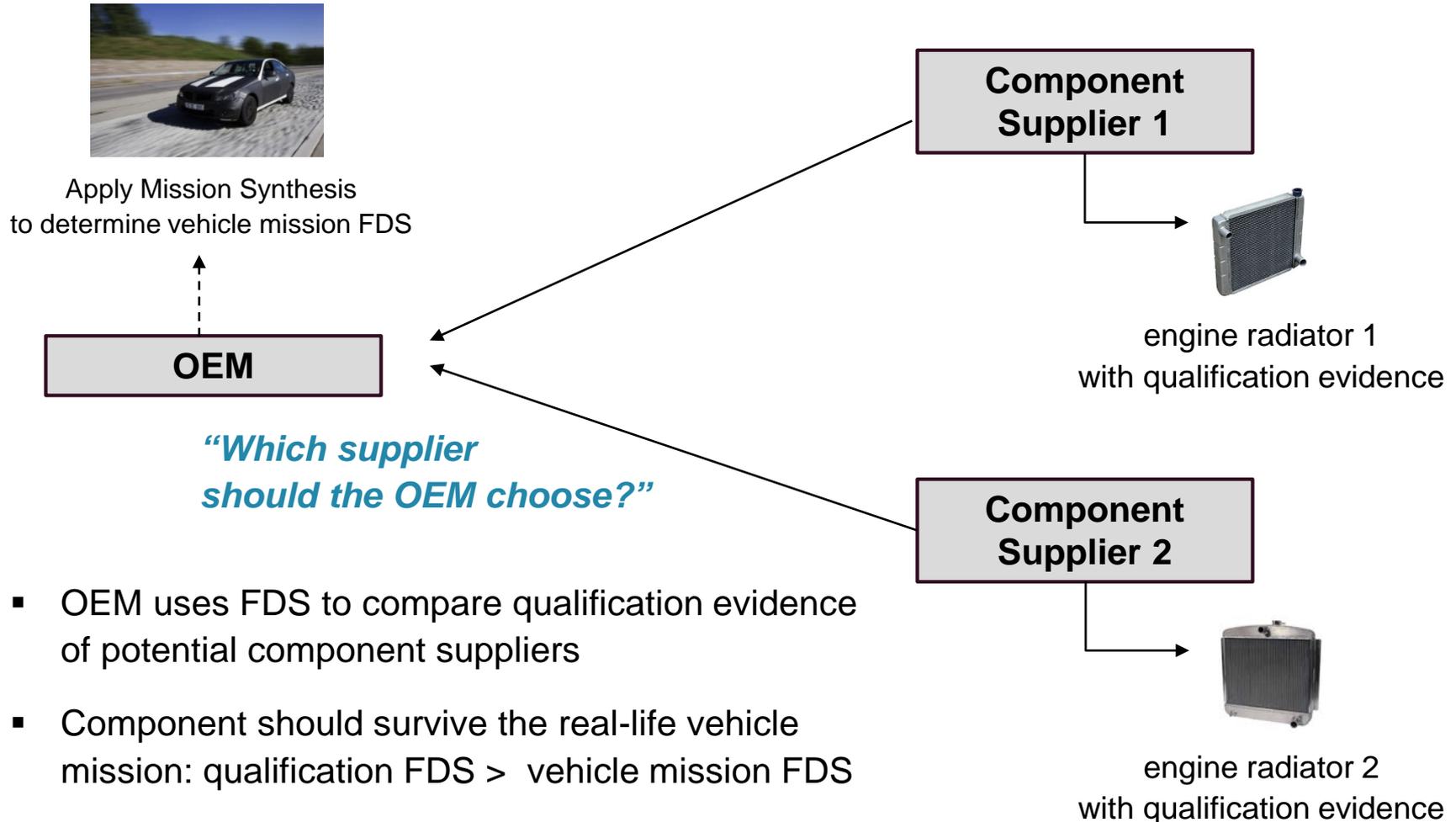


- Vibration fatigue theories
- Basquin's law
- Specified test duration



If the component survives this synthesized qualification test, it fulfills the requirements of both OEMS

## Automotive example – Alternative (*OEM perspective*)



# TecWare – Rotating Rainflow Counting

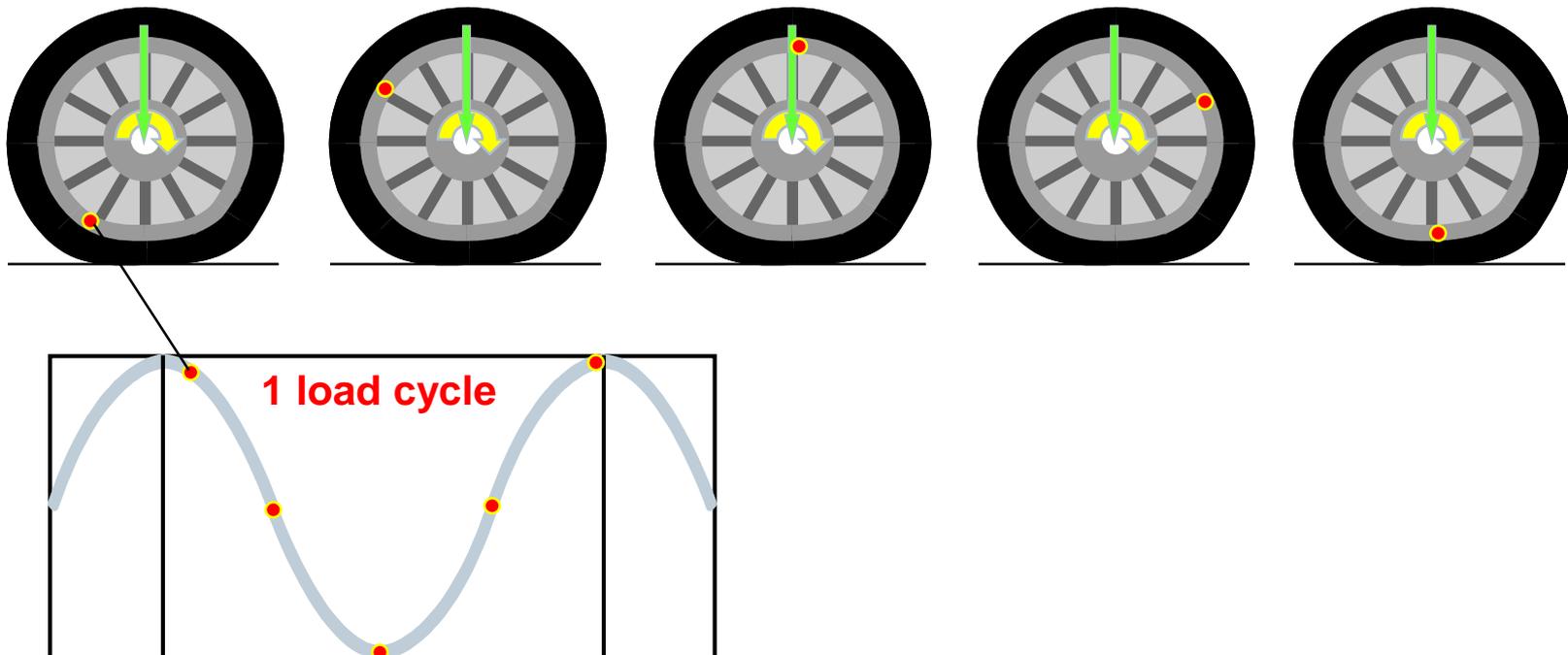
How can you accelerate a test ?

## Rotating vs. Non-Rotating

A non-rotating part under constant load does not suffer any load cycles.

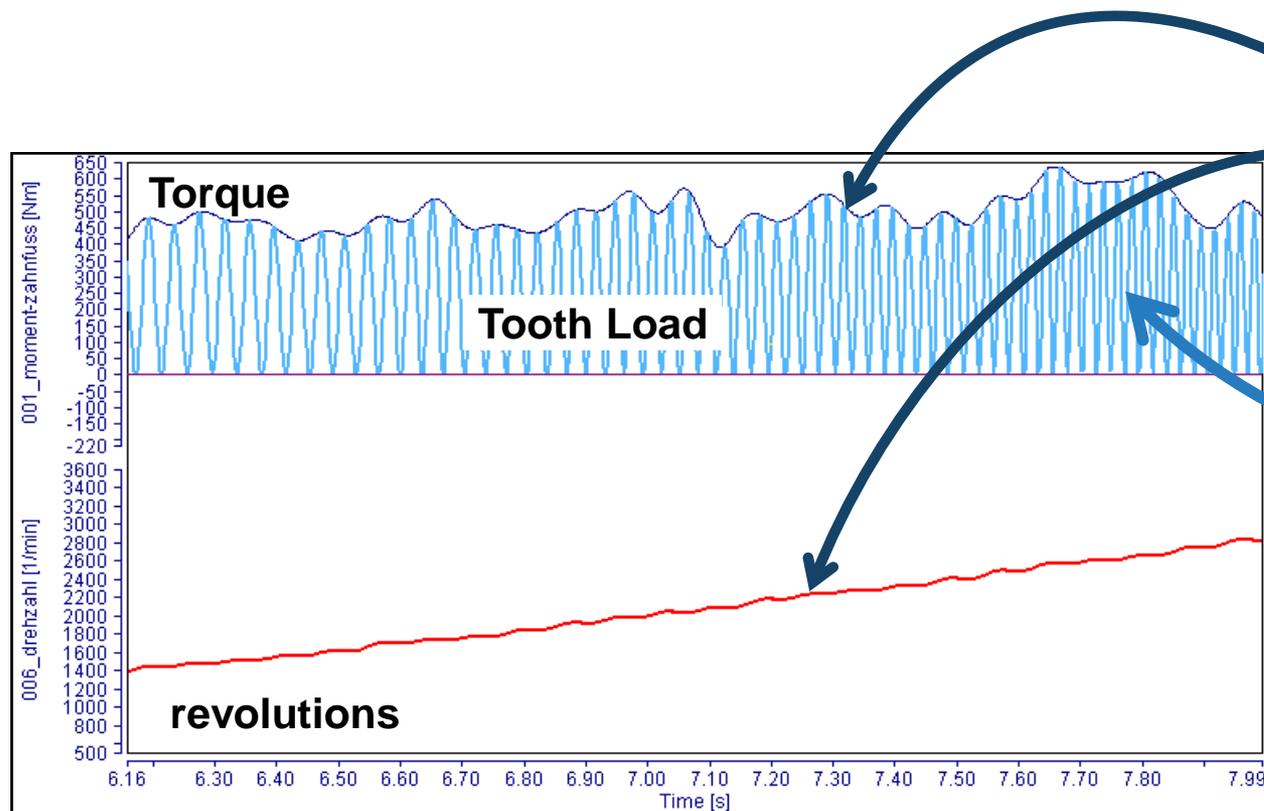
A rotating part under constant load may "see" load cycles. Examples:

- Gear wheels
- Rotating shaft with bending load

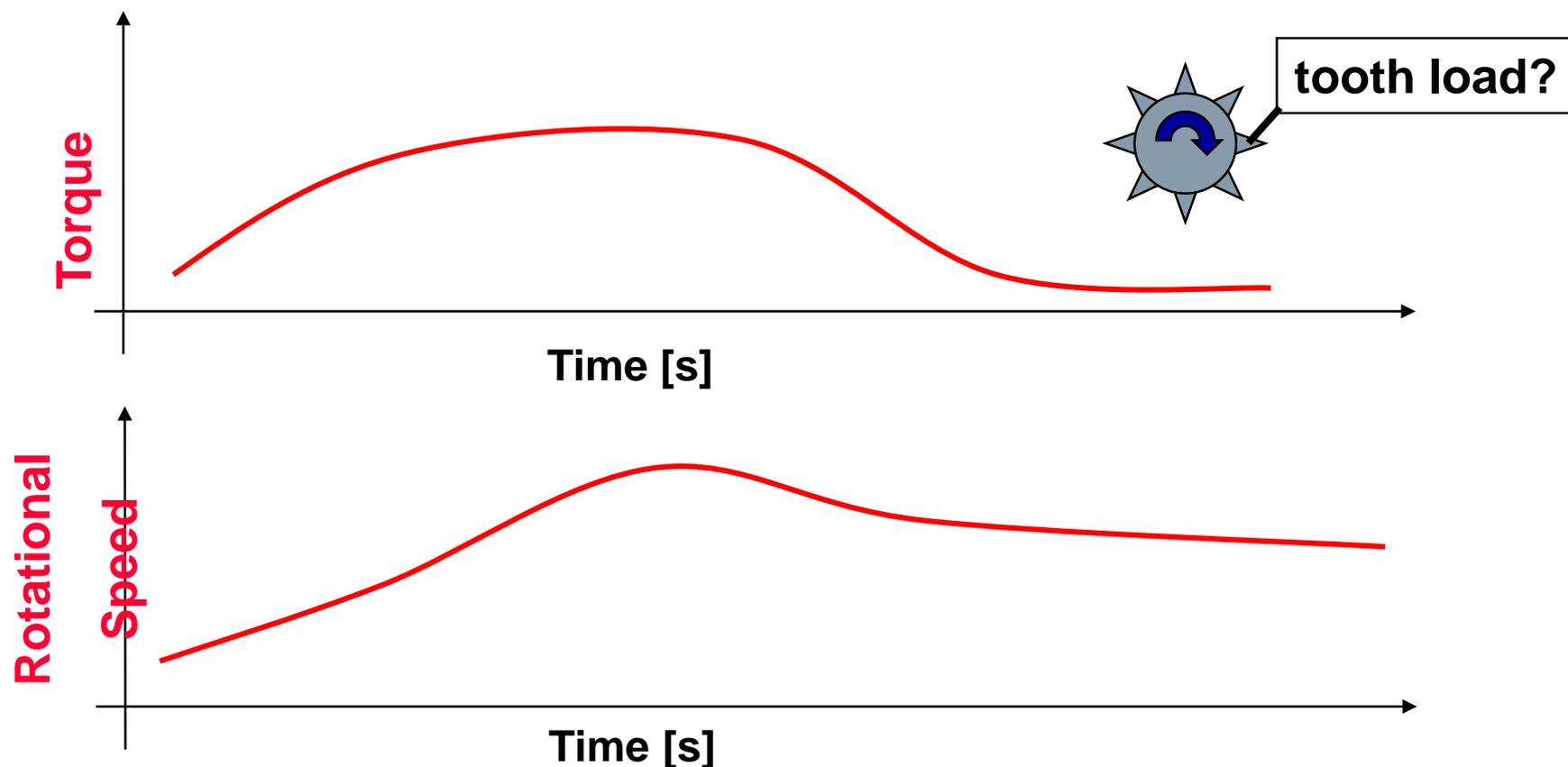


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# Load Data Analysis for Rotating Components

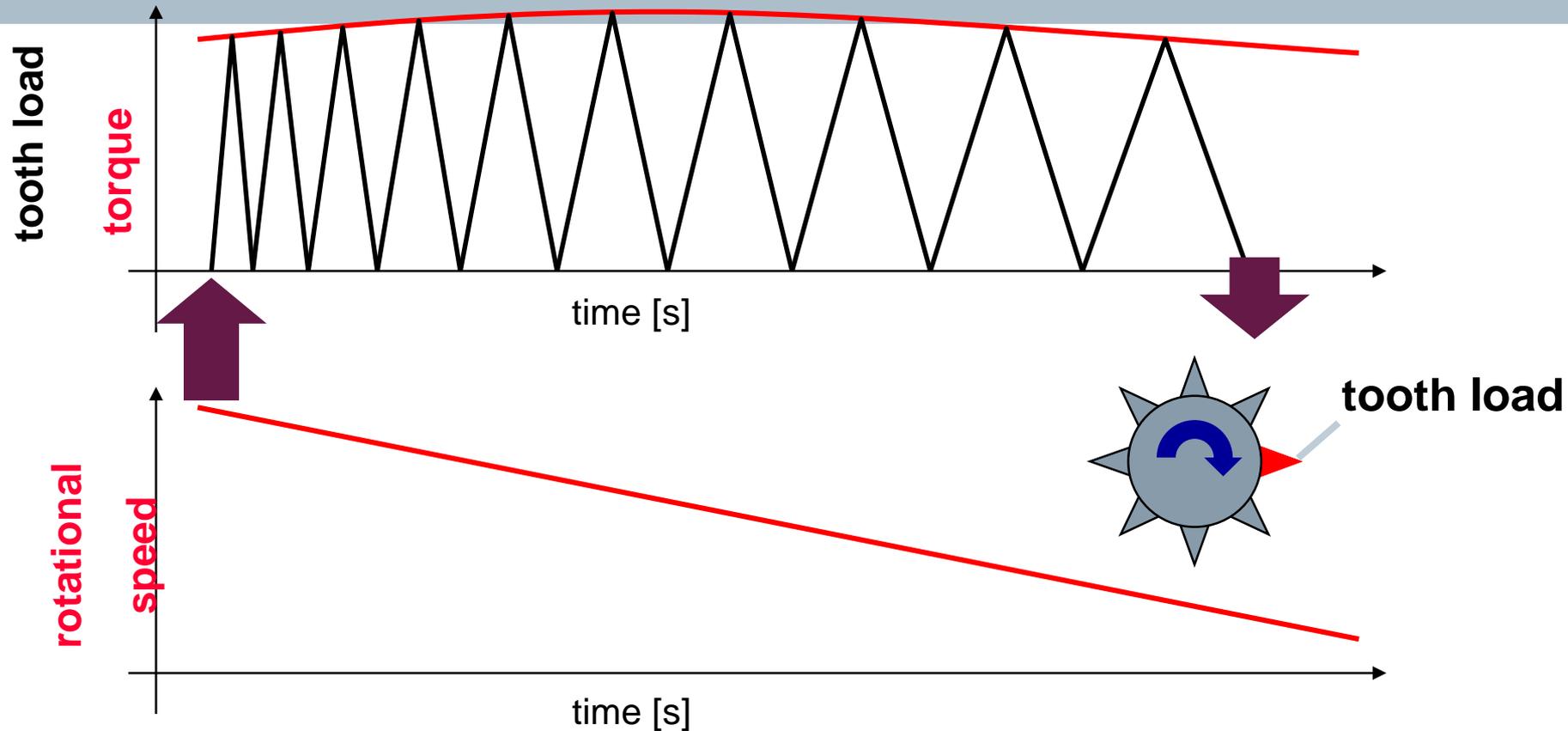


## Taking Rotational Effects into Account



Each revolution creates (for the same sense of rotation) one load cycle.

## Rotating Rainflow Counting – Motivation

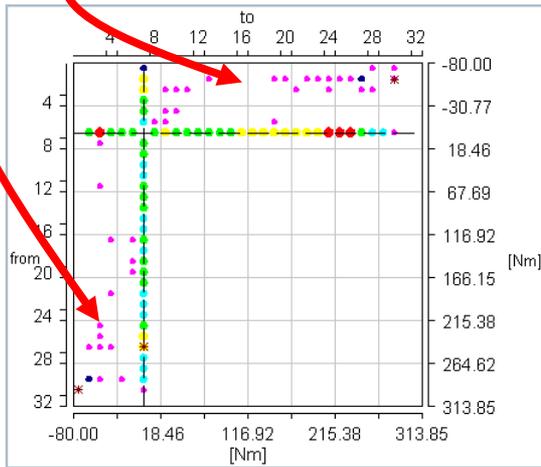
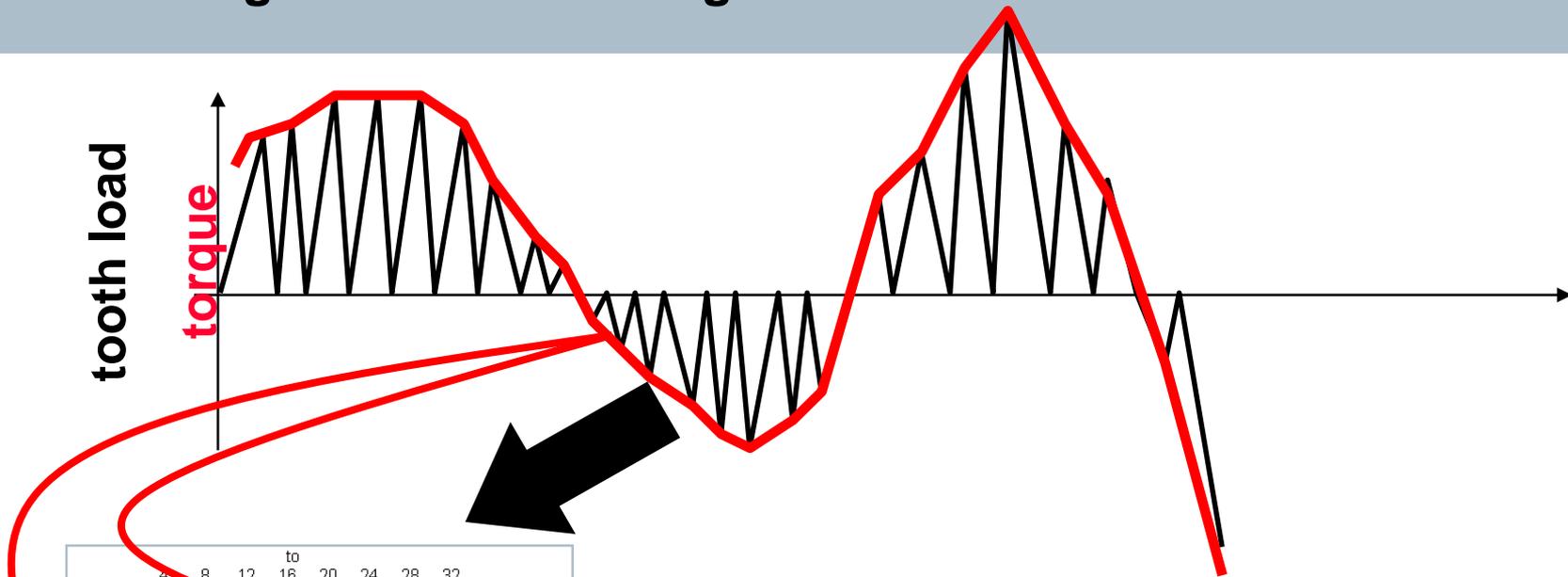


In each completed revolution the “reference tooth” touches its counterpart once. Only then it experiences the applied torque.

The tooth load is calculated by creating a turning point sequence connecting zero load with torque level, using the frequency defined by the corresponding RPM value.

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# Rotating Rainflow Counting – Method



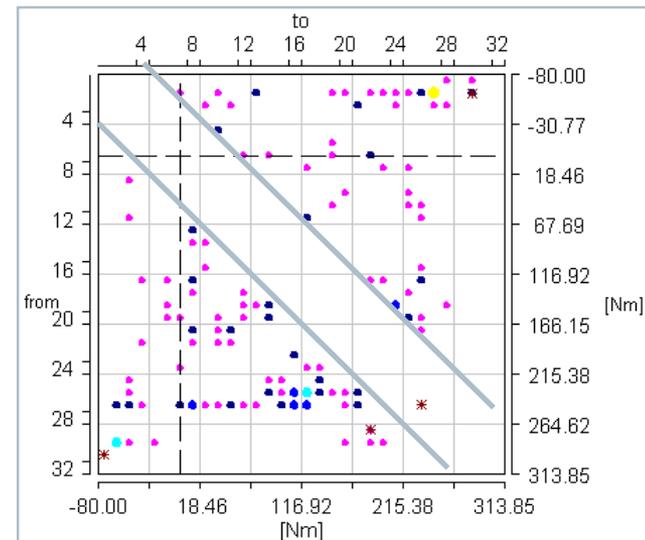
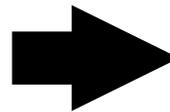
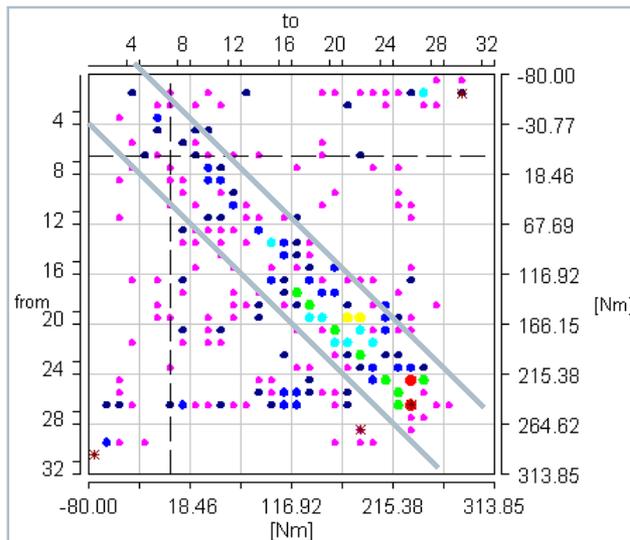
Cycles originating from revolutions have one anchor point at zero torque. They form a visible cross within the 'tooth matrix'.

Cycles that are from sign reversals of the torque envelope fall into the lower left and upper right quadrant of the 'tooth matrix'.

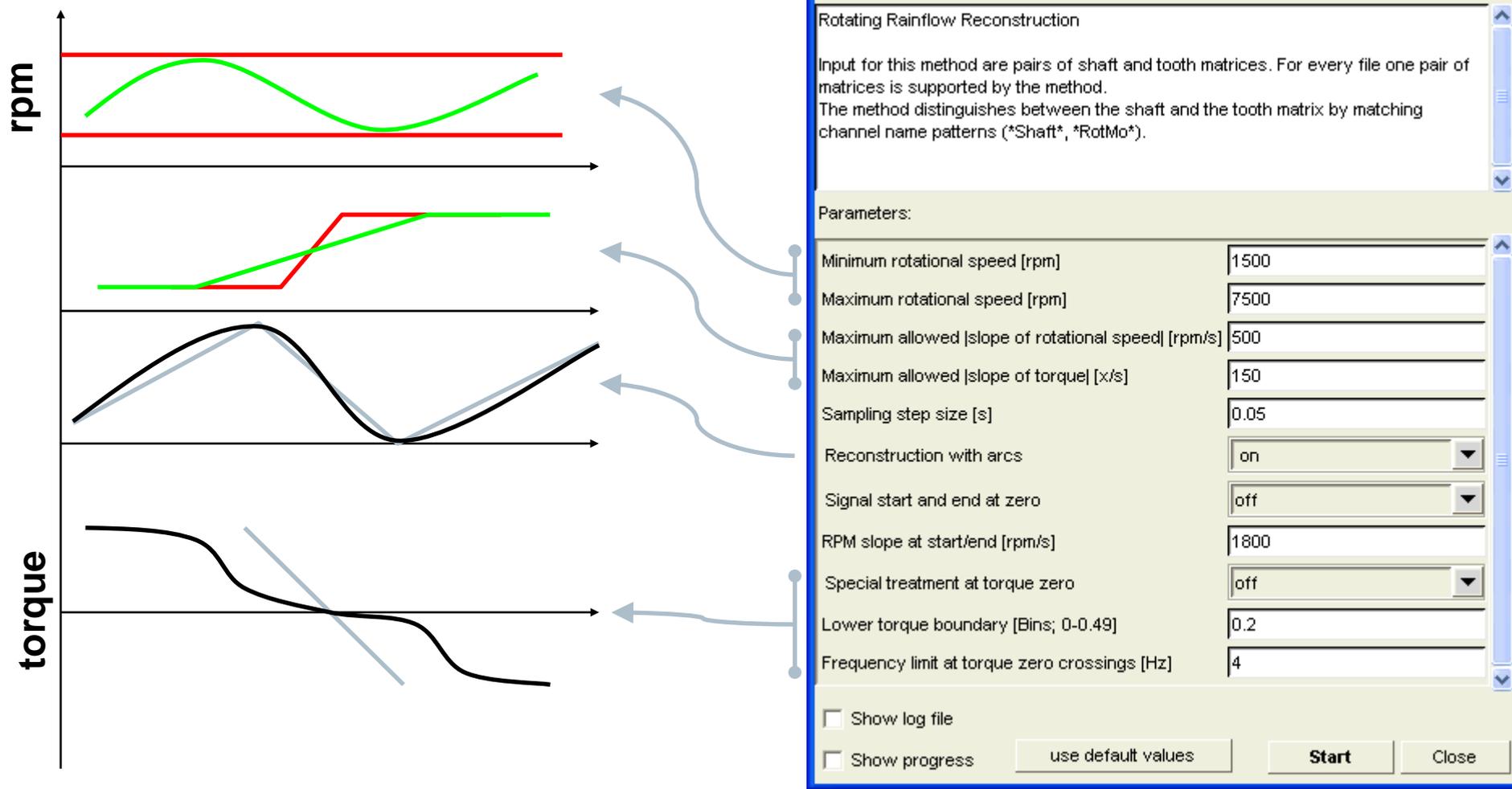
## Rotating Rainflow Counting – Omission

Remove 'small' load cycles from complete rotating rainflow files.

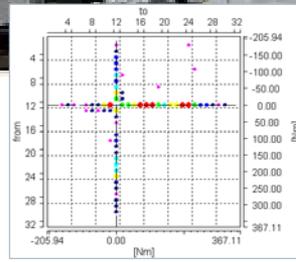
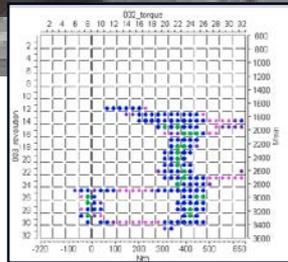
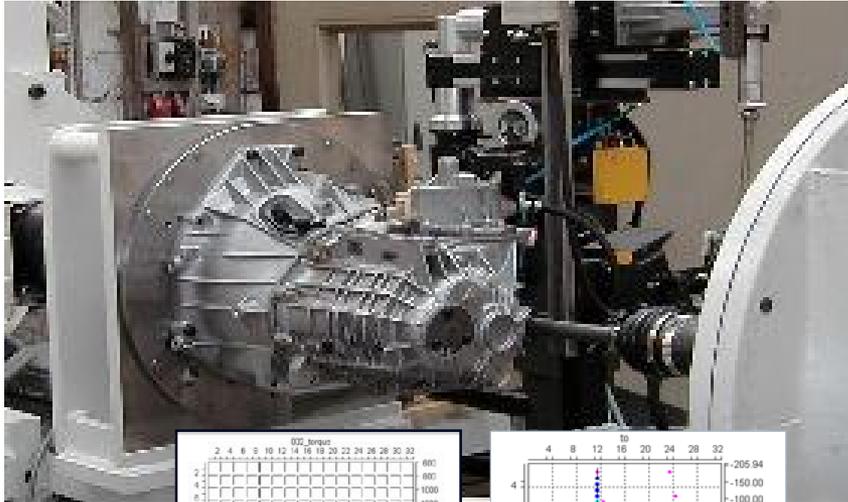
Same as doing it manually with RainEdit but less annoying.



# Rotating Rainflow Counting – Reconstruction Usage



## Reference: Ford Gearbox Test Acceleration

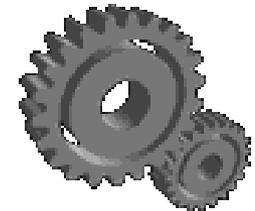


### Reduce test duration by 85%

- Reduced testing time
- Customer correlated
- No loose of fatigue content
- Dedicated data reduction methods
- Process integration

### Load data reduction for rotating components

- Multi-axial time at level
- Rotating moment histogram
- Rotating rainflow counting



**Using LMS advanced load data analysis technologies we were able to improve durability testing procedures for gearboxes and transmission system drastically. Certain subsystem tests could be shortened from previously several weeks to now less than one day.”**

**Dr. Wolfram Weiß, Powertrain development, Ford Köln**

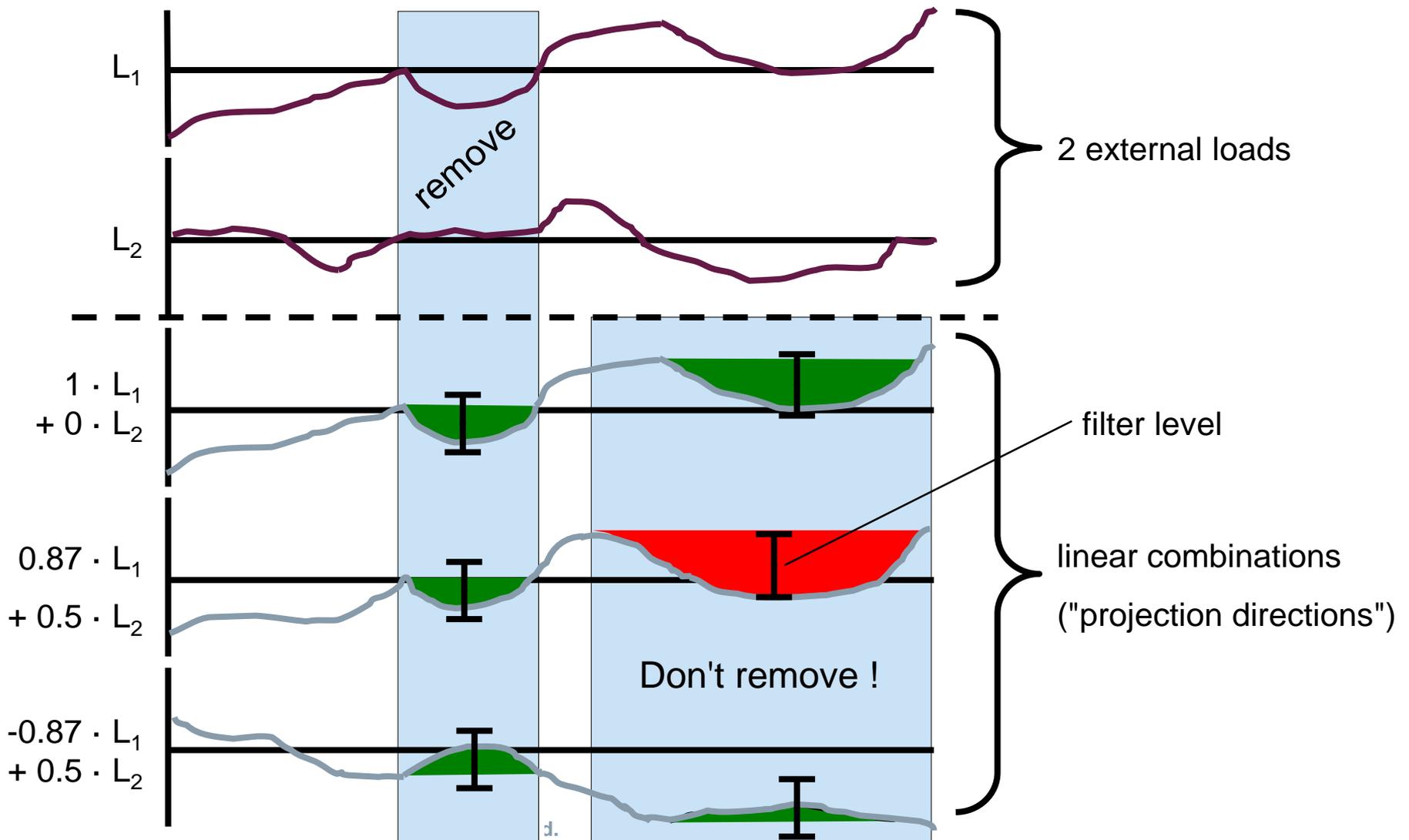


# TecWare – RP Filter

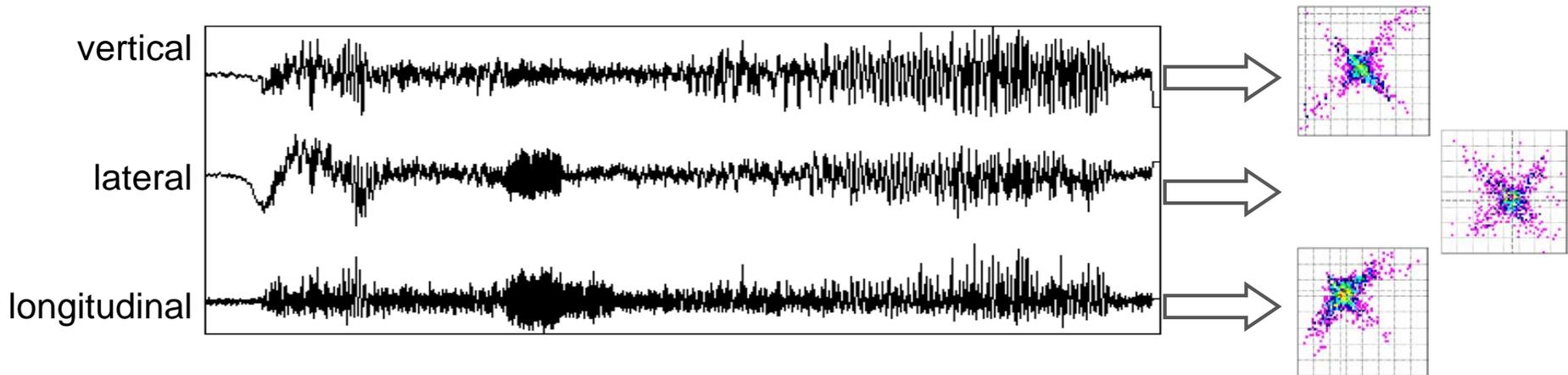
How can you accelerate a test ?



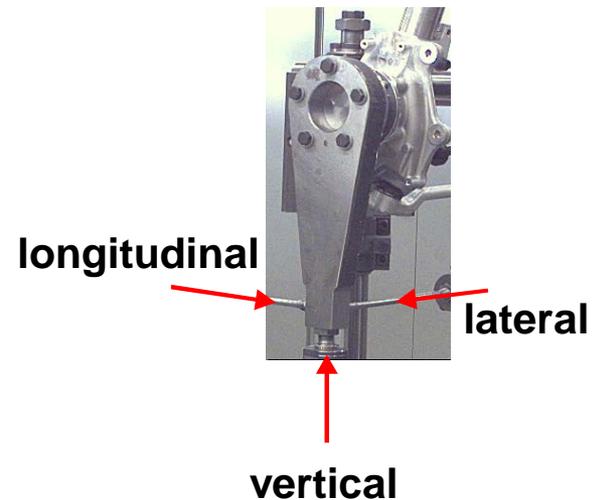
# RP-Filter (2D Example)



# Multiaxial Rainflow – Why?

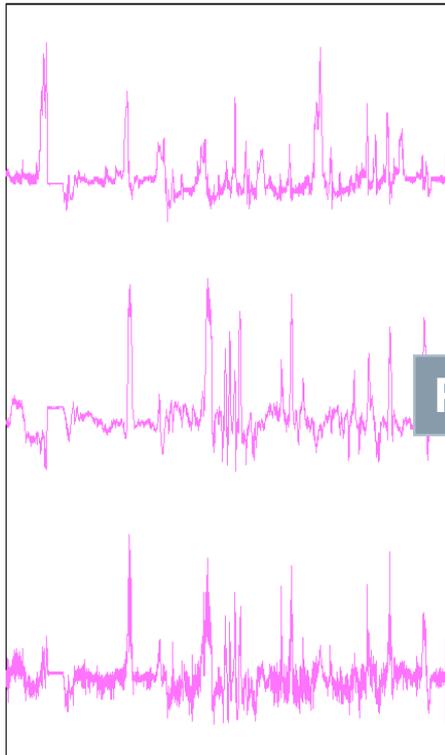


Uniaxial Rainflow not sufficient  
 ⇒ Phase relation lost

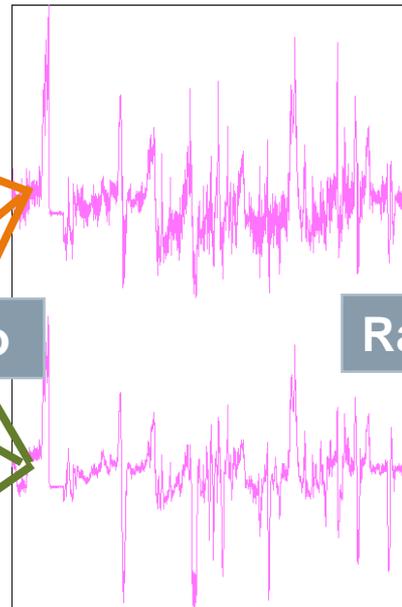


# Rainflow Projection Counting – Example (3 channels)

Input signals



Projected signals

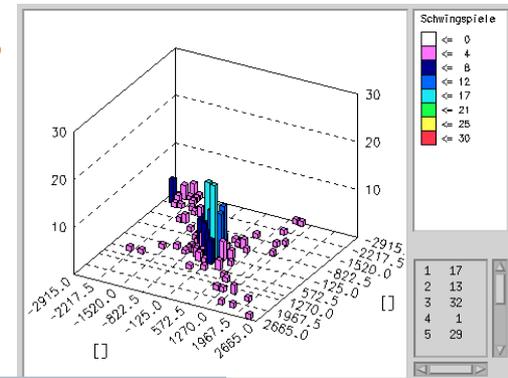


$$L = C_{1,1} L_1 + C_{1,2} L_2 + C_{1,3} L_3$$

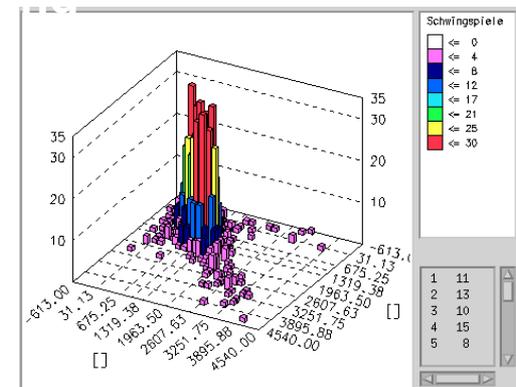
Projectio

Rainflow

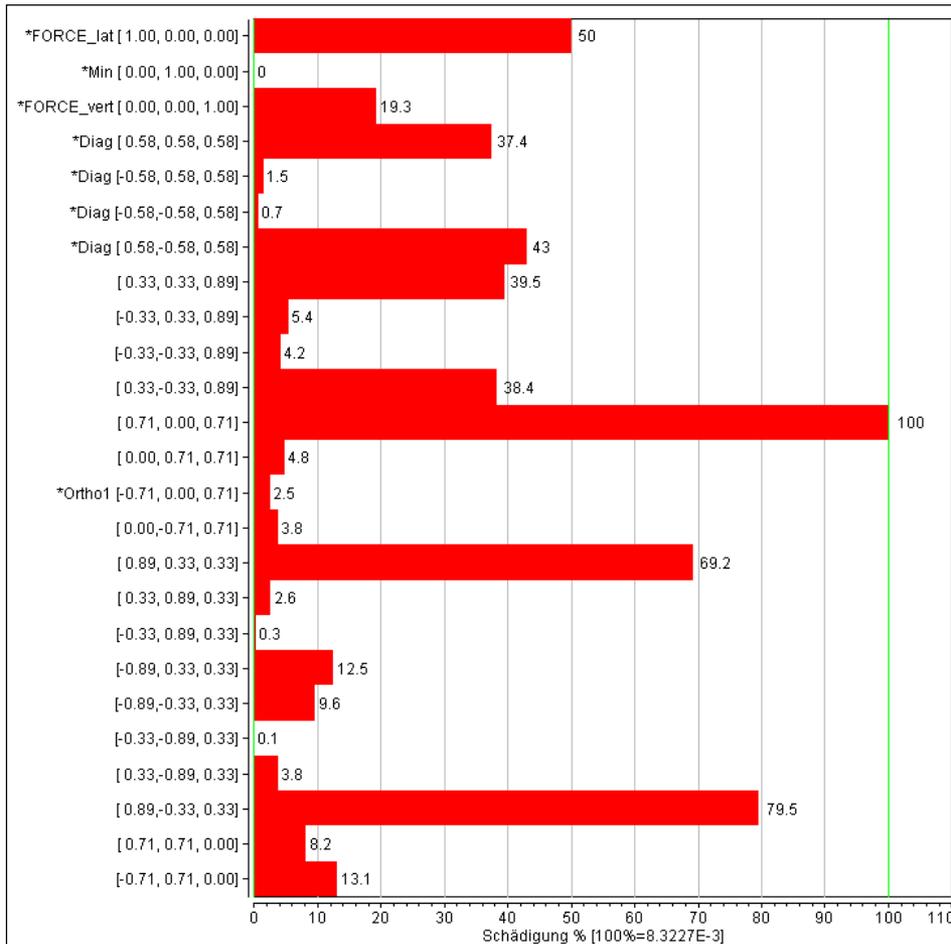
Rainflow matrices



$$L = C_{2,1} L_1 + C_{2,2} L_2 + C_{2,3} L_3$$

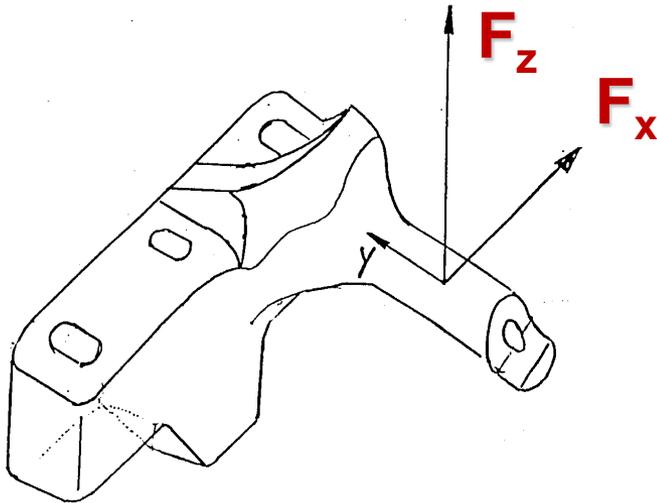


# Result Visualization – Multiaxial Rainflow Counting



- "named directions" contain
  - Rainflow matrix and
  - Pseudo damage
- other directions contain only
  - Pseudo damage
- additional counting of individual (user defined) directions
- open display of the load influence plot (2- or 3-dimensional)
- display options
  - dorting
  - absolute or relative damage
- swap channels

## Application Case: VW Engine Mount Console



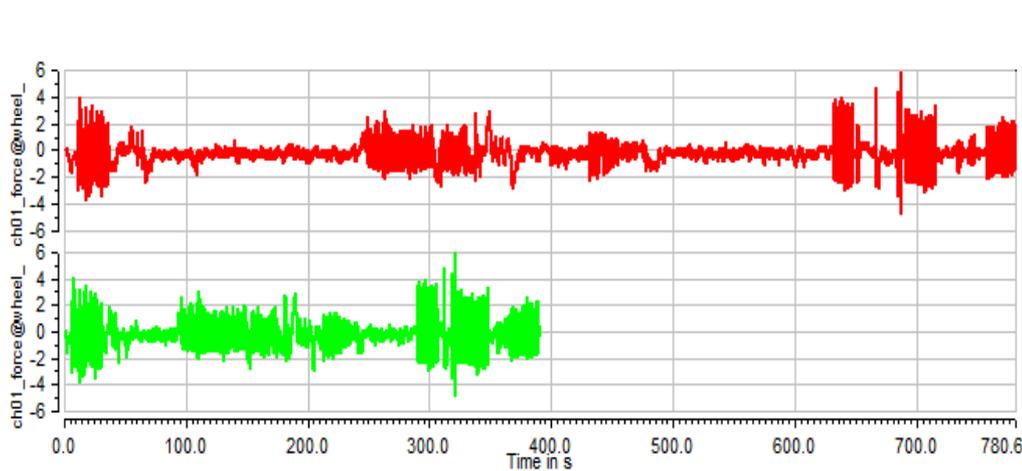
### Accelerating Durability Testing

- Reduced duration of biaxial console testing by LMS RP filtering
- No loss of fatigue content

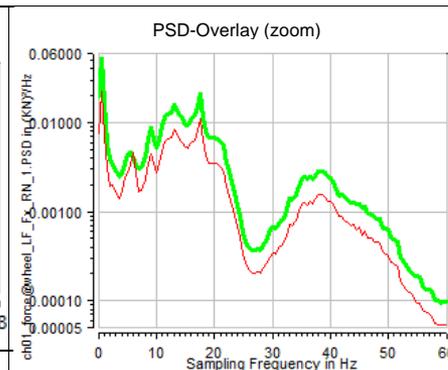
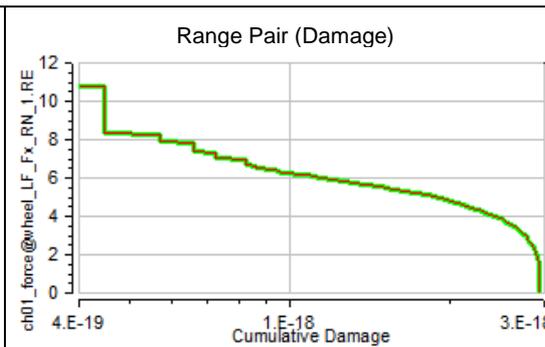
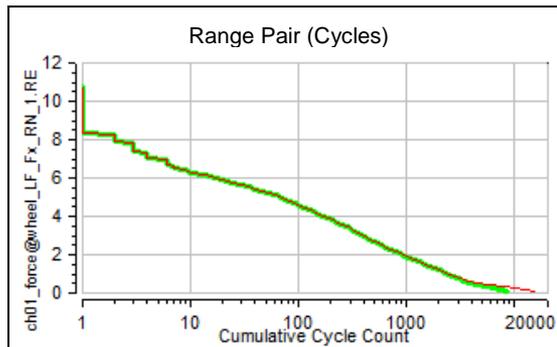


The application of the LMS TecWare RP filter technique allowed a reduction of the required testing time for an engine mount console to about 20% of the original test time without losing the fatigue content of the applied test loading.

# Acceleration of Road Simulator Testing by RP Filtering



|                         | orig.          | compressed |
|-------------------------|----------------|------------|
| Minimum in KN           | -4.804         | -4.804     |
| Maximum in KN           | 5.947          | 5.947      |
| Range in KN             | 10.751         | 10.751     |
| Mean in KN              | -0.243         | -0.227     |
| RMS                     | 0.589          | 0.689      |
| Std. Dev.               | 0.537          | 0.651      |
| Crest-Factor            | 9.124          | 7.801      |
| Length in s             | 780.647        | 390.277    |
| Max. Gradient KN/s      | 1141.261       | 1141.226   |
| Number of bins          | 100            | 100        |
| Cycles                  | 15311          | 8703       |
| Hysteresis filter width | 1              | 1          |
| Residue type            | repeated block |            |
| SN curve (k1/k2)        | 5 / 5          |            |
| Pseudo damage           | 2.95E-18       | 2.95E-18   |
| Damage ratio            | 1.00           | 1.00       |



**Please do not hesitate to contact me when you need support on durability testing:**

- Cell Phone: +86-185-1520-6737
- Email: [xudong.li@siemens.com](mailto:xudong.li@siemens.com)

**Your success is the most important thing that we care about !**

# Thank you!

Q & A

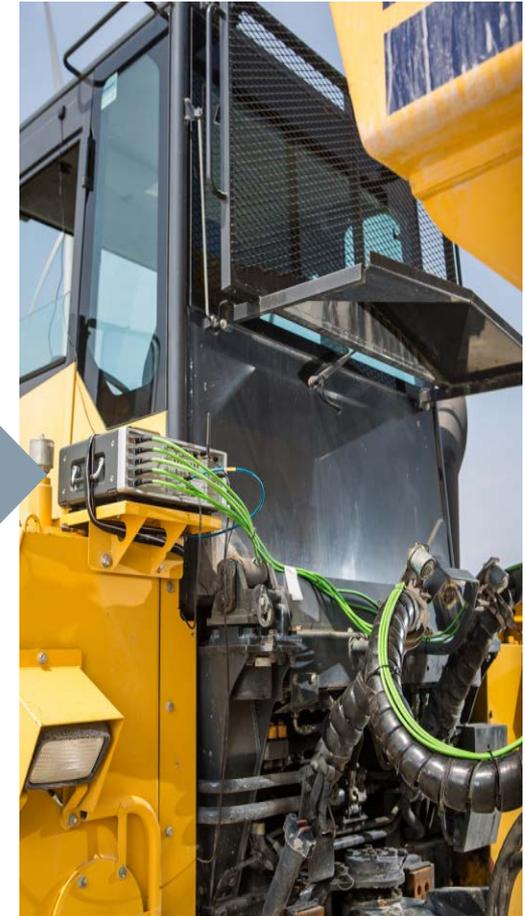
# SCADAS Satellite

Go distributed and rugged with SCADAS Satellite

# Reduced test campaign costs – 20% savings in instrumentation



**Centralized setup increases instrumentation costs**



**Distributed setup**

# Go distributed and rugged with SCADAS Satellite

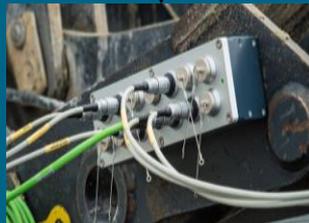
Distributed data acquisition

SCADAS Mobile Satellite interface

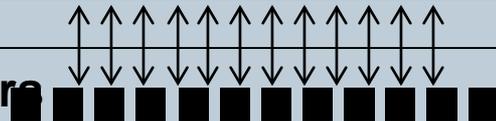


Digital

SCADAS Satellite



12 transducers



- Each SCADAS Mobile Satellite interface module **powers, controls and synchronizes one** SCADAS Satellite
- **Digital data transmission** : noise immune, no accuracy loss
- **Automatic synchronization** of all channels into a single file : no risk for errors, time saver
- **Centralized power** distributed to satellites
- **Easy install** with single cable from SCADAS Satellite to SCADAS Mobile or Recorder (5m,15m,50m)

# Signal digitalization close to sensor – High data quality

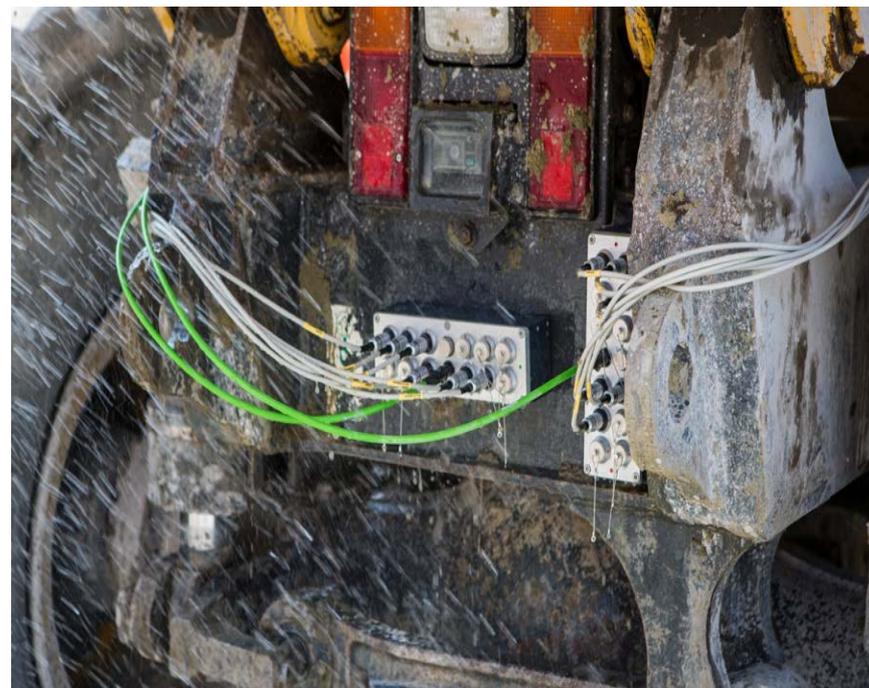


Long cables compromise signal accuracy



Digitalization close to the sensor

## Validating the extremes - 100% certified



Designed to confidently execute your test campaigns in the toughest environments

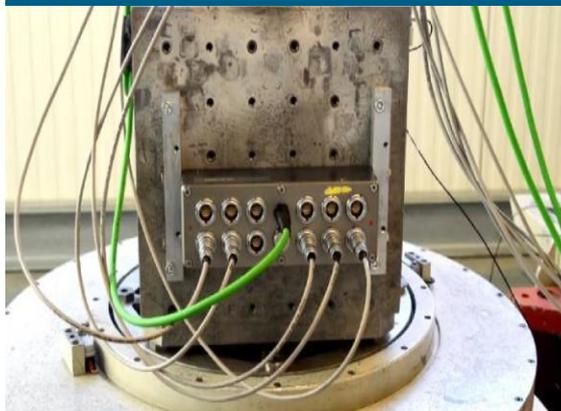
## Product overview - LMS SCADAS Satellite at a glance

### Water and dust



- IEC 60529: IP66 and IP67
- Dust-tight (IP6x)

### Shock and vibration



- MIL-STD-810F
- Vibration: 7.7 grms
- Shock: 100g shock

### Temperature



- Wide range
- -40 °C up to 85 °C
- -40 °F up to 185 °F

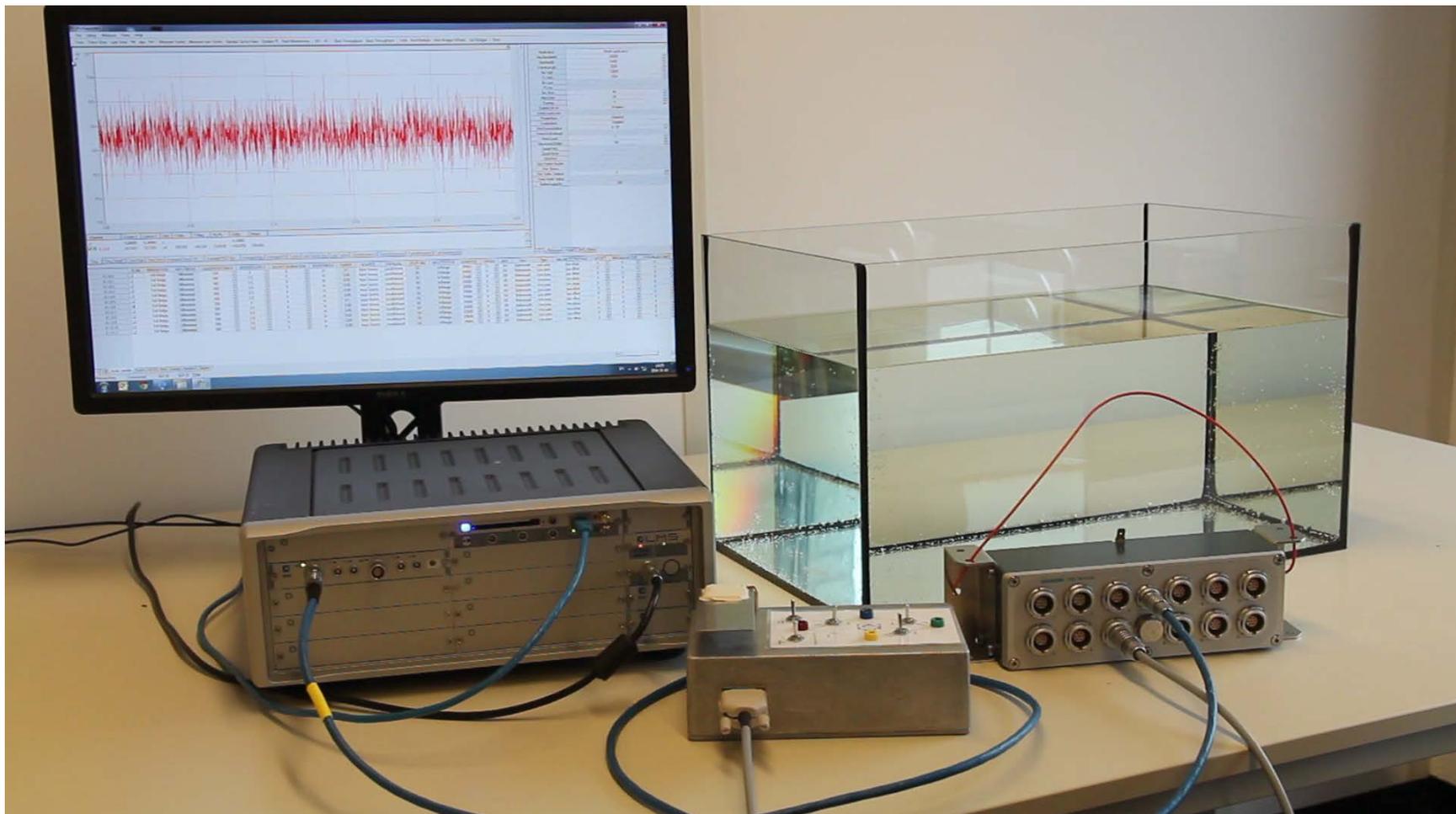
# SCADAS Satellite

*Extreme testing (IPx6) - Jets*



# SCADAS Satellite

*Extreme testing (IPx7) – Immersion up to 1m*



# Go distributed and rugged with SCADAS Satellite Road load data acquisition for Truck and Bus

## SCADAS Satellite

Distributed, digital, local data acquisition

1

## SCADAS Recorder

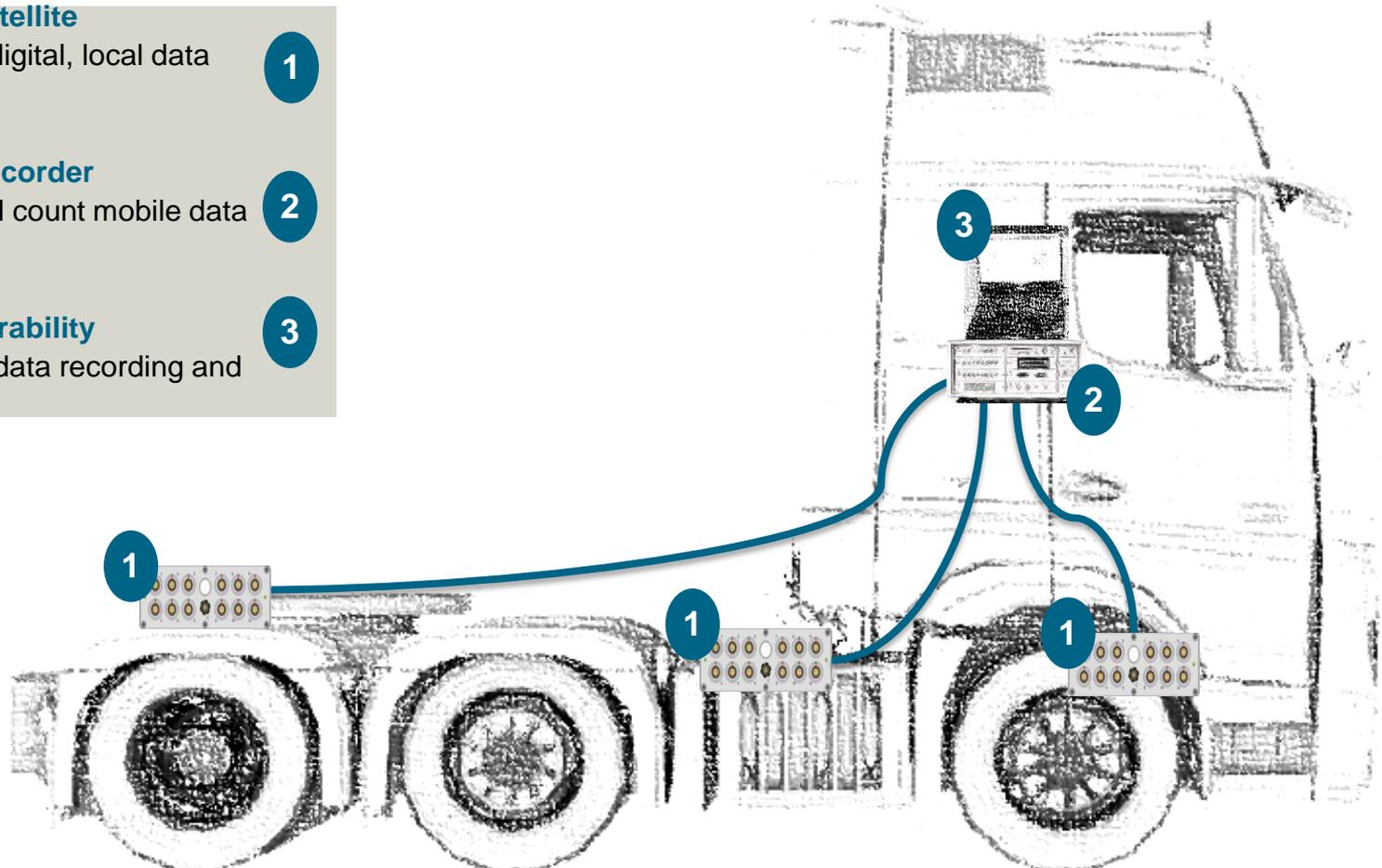
High-channel count mobile data sync

2

## Test.Lab Durability

Quick, easy data recording and validation

3



Typical 200+ channel campaign: strain gages, accelerometers, displacements, wheel force, temperature, CAN, video